

**SOURCE WATER ASSESSMENT
EXECUTIVE SUMMARY
FOR
Grand Teton NP Gros Ventre CG**

June 30, 2004

PROJECT: 424-001

ASSESSMENT COMPLETED BY: TRIHYDRO CORPORATION

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SOURCE WATER ASSESSMENT SUMMARY FOR Grand Teton NP Gros Ventre CG

PWS Source Water Assessment Summary

The Grand Teton National Park Gros Ventre Campground is a non-community public water system located in Teton County. The system serves 515 people through 12 service connections and uses approximately 10,800-gallons per day from April 15th to October 15th each year. The system is supplied by the Gros Ventre Campground Well #1 which draws water from terrace deposits. The water is disinfected with sodium hypochlorite and the residual is monitored. Treated water is then stored in one steel tank with a volume capacity of 1500-gallons. The water source scored medium with respect to the combined integrity and source sensitivity ratings. The Gros Ventre Campground scored high for land use susceptibility and low for point source contaminant susceptibility.

Delineation Methods

This water system is a non-community system that draws water from porous alluvium and terrace deposits. Calculated fixed radius (CFR) methods were implemented to estimate the 2-year and 5-year time of travel radii for the groundwater flow system. The CFR was calculated using well information in the SEO database and aquifer parameters used in the calculation were assumed for those of similar type deposits.

Calculated fixed radius (CFR) is an appropriate method to use when groundwater flow to the well, spring or tunnel can be characterized as porous. This process was implemented for small communities that derive water from deeper, confined aquifers, or for non-community water systems. A factor of safety (FS) of 1.5 was applied to all systems where portions of the data were suspect. At the ground surface, the radius can be used to delineate an area around the well to be used for wellhead protection. The radius is the distance from the well to a point where groundwater (and contaminant) can reach the well over a specified time period. Input data requirements are limited, consisting of the pumping rate, open (screened interval) of the well, porosity of the aquifer, and the selected time of travel (2 years and 5 years).

Groundwater Sources

The Gros Ventre Campground draws water from the alluvium and terrace deposits along the Gros Ventre River valley. Recharge to the alluvial aquifer comes from the Gros Ventre River and tributaries, and reaches the well through porous media flow. Groundwater flow within the alluvium and terrace deposits is generally from northeast to southwest. Additional information on this well is included on the attached Well Information Sheet. As shown on the enclosed source water area delineation map, contaminant inventory zones 2 and 3 were delineated using CFR methods. Zone 2 had a calculated radius of 2,117 feet. Zone 3 had a calculated radius of 3,348 feet.

Integrity Summary

Grand Teton National Park Gros Ventre Campground uses one well that is approximately 150 feet deep to supply water to the system. The well was constructed prior to 1983 when less stringent construction standards were required by the State of Wyoming. However, records show that the well was properly sealed to protect from surface infiltration of potential contaminants and flooding around the wellhead. As shown on the Integrity Summary Table, Gros Ventre Campground #1 received a score of 3 which is a direct reflection of its well completion date.

Water Source Sensitivity Summary

As shown on the Source Sensitivity Summary Table, the well received a sensitivity score of 6. The well received a score of 1 for aquifer sensitivity because it draws water from a confined aquifer through porous media flow. The well received a score of 5 for chemical sensitivity due to documented chemical detections in the groundwater.

Water System Susceptibility Rating

Susceptibility is defined as the potential for a public water supply to draw contaminated water at concentrations that would pose a threat or concern to human health. In general, the Grand Teton National Park Gros Ventre Campground scores high for land use susceptibility because much of the land surrounding the water sources is irrigated cropland and forested. Forested areas were included to evaluate the potential risks of increased runoff and water quality problems following forest fires. The overall point source contaminant susceptibility rating is low due to the lack of contamination sources being present within the delineated zones.

A review of your PWS's routine water analysis results revealed that one or more chemicals that are considered contaminants in drinking water were detected at some time within the last five years. Chemical detections have a large impact on your PWS's sensitivity score because it may indicate that there is a pathway for contaminants to reach the water supply. However, it is likely that these chemicals are present only in small amounts and are not a danger to your health. Some of these chemicals may also occur naturally in water.

For more information about which chemicals were detected, please contact the PWS for a copy of the most recent Consumer Confidence Report or water analysis results. Chemical detections at levels that are a concern to human health are reported on the EPA's website: http://www.epa.gov/enviro/html/sdwis/sdwis_query.html. To see if your PWS has exceeded the federal primary or secondary drinking water standards, just click on the State of Wyoming and then type in the name of your PWS. Consumer Confidence Reports are prepared by the PWS on a yearly basis. The reports should include information about any chemicals found in the water, even those found at very low levels. Please contact Kim Parker at DEQ, 307-777-7781, or WARWS for assistance. You may also contact EPA to find out what contaminants were detected. You may have to fill out a Freedom of Information Act request to obtain the water test results for your PWS. Please call EPA's Safe Drinking Water Hotline at 1-800-426-4791.

**POINT SUSCEPTIBILITY SUMMARY TABLE
FOR Grand Teton NP Gros Ventre CG
Point Source Susceptibility Summary**

It may appear from the results of this point source susceptibility summary table that your system has too many PSOCs influencing the final ratings. In some cases, a specific PSOC falls within a specific contaminant inventory zone shared by multiple wells or intakes. When this is the case, that PSOC will be scored for each intake. For example, an underground storage tank may appear within a contaminant inventory zone shared by four different wells. This would cause that single storage tank to be entered into the table four times, or once for each well or intake.

Point Source Type	Low	Medium	High
None Identified	N/A	N/A	N/A

- * Illustrates the number of PSOCs in a particular rating class for all water sources
- * N/A - Not Applicable