

**SOURCE WATER ASSESSMENT
EXECUTIVE SUMMARY
FOR
Aspens Water & Sewer District**

June 30, 2004

PROJECT: 424-001

ASSESSMENT COMPLETED BY: TRIHYDRO CORPORATION

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SOURCE WATER ASSESSMENT SUMMARY FOR Aspens Water & Sewer District

PWS Source Water Assessment Summary

Aspens Water and Sewer District is a community public water system located in Teton County. The system serves 1,500 people through 220 service connections year round. The system is supplied by four wells that draw water from the alluvium along the Snake River valley. Currently, the water is not being treated. The water sources scored medium with respect to the combined integrity and source sensitivity ratings. The district scored high with respect to land use susceptibility and high for point source susceptibility.

Delineation Methods

This water system is a community system that draws water from porous alluvium. Groundwater modeling methods were implemented to estimate the 2-year and 5-year time of travel capture zones for the groundwater flow system. The model used well information in the sanitary survey and SEO database and aquifer parameters used in the calculation were assumed for those of similar type deposits.

U.S. EPA's Wellhead Analytic Element Model or WhAEM method was used for community water systems that derive their sources from alluvial or shallow bedrock aquifers. The WhAEM model uses well and limited hydrogeologic data to estimate time-of-travel capture zones in relatively simple hydrogeologic settings for either confined or unconfined aquifers. For the source water assessment, the WhAEM model was used to develop two year and five year groundwater capture zones. Due to this methodology, the delineated source water areas may be larger than the true capture zones for each well. However, use of this method typically results in source water protection areas that can be used to more reliably protect the water supply.

Groundwater Sources

Aspens Water and Sewer District draws water from the alluvium along the Snake River valley. Recharge to the alluvial aquifer comes from the Snake River and Fish Creek, and reaches the well through porous media flow. Groundwater flow within the alluvium is generally from north to south. Additional information on these wells is included on the attached Well Information Sheet. As shown on the enclosed source water area delineation map, contaminant inventory zones 2 and 3 were delineated using WhAEM methods for all four wells. Zones 2 and 3 represent 2-year and 5-year groundwater travel times, respectively. The capture zones extend north from the four wellheads.

Integrity Summary

Aspens Water and Sewer District uses four wells that are approximately 95, 100, 109, and 152 feet deep. Teton Pines Well #4 was constructed prior to 1983, when less stringent construction standards were required by the State of Wyoming. Enl. Aspens Well #2 and Enl. Teton Pines Domestic Well #1 were constructed between 1983 and 1993 with moderate construction requirements. Aspens/Pines Fire Well was constructed after 1993 with strict construction requirements. Records show that all four wells were properly sealed to protect against surface infiltration of potential contaminants and flooding around the wellhead. As shown on the Integrity Summary Table, Teton Pines Well #4 and the Aspens/ Pines Fire Well scored a 3. Enl. Aspens Well #2 and Enl. Teton Pines Domestic Well #1 received a score of 2.

Water Source Sensitivity Summary

As shown on the Source Sensitivity Summary Table, the wells each received a sensitivity score of 10. The wells received a score of 5 for aquifer sensitivity because they were completed in a shallow, unconfined porous aquifer. The wells received a score of 5 for chemical sensitivity due to documented chemical detections in the groundwater.

Water System Susceptibility Rating

Susceptibility is defined as the potential for a public water supply to draw contaminated water at concentrations that would pose a threat or concern to human health. In general, Aspens Water and Sewer District scores a high for land use susceptibility because much of the land surrounding the water sources is irrigated cropland. The overall point source contaminant susceptibility rating is high due to underground tanks and underground injection sites within zones 2 and 3 of the water sources. Susceptibility ratings for each type of potential contaminant source are summarized on the attached susceptibility tables.

A review of your PWS's routine water analysis results revealed that one or more chemicals that are considered contaminants in drinking water were detected at some time within the last five years. Chemical detections have a large impact on your PWS's sensitivity score because it may indicate that there is a pathway for contaminants to reach the water supply. However, it is likely that these chemicals are present only in small amounts and are not a danger to your health. Some of these chemicals may also occur naturally in water.

For more information about which chemicals were detected, please contact the PWS for a copy of the most recent Consumer Confidence Report or water analysis results. Chemical detections at levels that are a concern to human health are reported on the EPA's website: http://www.epa.gov/enviro/html/sdwis/sdwis_query.html. To see if your PWS has exceeded the federal primary or secondary drinking water standards, just click on the State of Wyoming and then type in the name of your PWS. Consumer Confidence Reports are prepared by the PWS on a yearly basis. The reports should include information about any chemicals found in the water, even those found at very low levels. Please contact Kim Parker at DEQ, 307-777-7781, or WARWS for assistance. You may also contact EPA to find out what contaminants were detected. You may have to fill out a Freedom of Information Act request to obtain the water test results for your PWS. Please call EPA's Safe Drinking Water Hotline at 1-800-426-4791.

**POINT SUSCEPTIBILITY SUMMARY TABLE
FOR Aspens Water & Sewer District
Point Source Susceptibility Summary**

It may appear from the results of this point source susceptibility summary table that your system has too many PSOCs influencing the final ratings. In some cases, a specific PSOC falls within a specific contaminant inventory zone shared by multiple wells or intakes. When this is the case, that PSOC will be scored for each intake. For example, an underground storage tank may appear within a contaminant inventory zone shared by four different wells. This would cause that single storage tank to be entered into the table four times, or once for each well or intake.

| Point Source Type | Low | Medium | High |
|-----------------------|-----|--------|------|
| Underground Tank | N/A | N/A | 3 |
| Underground Injection | N/A | 6 | 2 |

- * Illustrates the number of PSOCs in a particular rating class for all water sources
- * N/A - Not Applicable