

**Wyoming Department of Environmental Quality  
Water Quality Division  
WYPDES Program**

**STATEMENT OF BASIS  
RENEWAL**

APPLICANT NAME: Pennaco Energy, Inc.

MAILING ADDRESS: 3601 Southern Drive  
Gillette, WY 82718

FACILITY LOCATION: Cottonwood Creek CBM facility located in the SESW and NENW of Section 7, NENW, SWNE, NENE, NWNW and SWSE of Section 8, SWSE, SWSW, SWNW, NWSW, and SESW of Section 9, NWSE, NESE, NENW and SWSE of Section 10, SENW and NWNW of Section 15, and the NWNE and SENW of Section 16, all in Township 53 North, Range 77 West in Sheridan County. The produced water will be discharged to two (2) off channel pits (Class 4C), sixteen (16) on-channel reservoirs (Class 4B) located on unnamed tributaries of Cottonwood Creek (Class 3B) which is tributary to the Powder River (Class 2ABww). The Option 1B off-channel pits and on-channel reservoirs are constructed to contain all produced water as well as inflow from a 50-year, 24-hour storm event. The Option 2 reservoirs are constructed to contain all coal bed methane produced water during dry conditions.

NUMBER: WY0042064

*Upon approval of this renewal, the terms of permit WY0042064 are hereby modified as follows:*

- 1. Update outfalls 007, 009, 010, 020-022, 026, 028 and 029 to permit Option 1B.***
- 2. Remove outfalls 002, 006, 008, 012, 017, 023, 025, 030 and 032 and the associated reservoirs.***
- 3. Update permitted locations and latitudes and longitudes.***
- 4. Add eight (8) Flow Monitoring Stations.***
- 5. Add six (6) containment unit monitoring locations.***
- 6. Remove 305 wells.***
- 7. The effluent limits and routine end-of-pipe monitoring requirements for sulfate are removed from this permit according to current permitting practices.***
- 8. The required routine monitoring frequencies for chlorides, alkalinity and bicarbonate are updated to annual.***
- 9. Update Arsenic limit to current standard.***
- 10. Remove effluent limit and routine EOP monitoring requirements for total dissolved solids.***
- 11. Replace total recoverable aluminum requirements with dissolve aluminum requirements.***

This facility is a typical coal bed methane production facility in which groundwater is pumped from a coal bearing formation resulting in the release of methane from the coal bed. The permit authorizes the discharge to the surface of groundwater produced in this way provided the effluent quality is in compliance with effluent limits that are established by this permit. In developing effluent limits, all federal and state regulations and standards have been considered and the most stringent requirements incorporated into the permit. The EPA Effluent Guidelines and Standards for Oil and Gas Extraction Point Source Category (Part 435, Subpart E) predate the development of coal bed methane extraction technology; however the technology is similar enough to conventional gas extraction that, in

the professional judgment of the WDEQ, this effluent limit guideline is appropriately applied to coal bed methane gas production. This permit does not cover activities associated with discharges of drilling fluids, acids, stimulation waters or other fluids derived from the drilling or completion of the wells.

**Option 2 outfall description (outfall(s) 001, 003-005, 011, 013-016, 018-019, 024, 027, 031)**

The permittee has chosen option 2 for coal bed methane permitting options for discharges from outfall(s) **001, 003-005, 011, 013-016, 018-019, 024, 027, 031**. Under this permitting option, the produced water is immediately discharged to a class 2 or 3 receiving stream which is eventually tributary to a class 2AB perennial water of the state. However, the permittee has constructed on-channel reservoirs with a capacity to contain all produced water. The limits established for these outfalls are at the end-of-pipe. Discharges from these reservoirs are only allowed during a storm event that causes the reservoirs to fill and overtop. In the event reservoirs overtop and discharge, discharges are limited to the natural over topping only. Intentional and/or additional discharges from the reservoirs are prohibited. The permit establishes effluent limits for the end of pipe, which are protective of recreation, agriculture, industry, scenic value, and livestock and wildlife watering.

**Option 1B outfall description (outfall(s) 007, 009-010, 020-022, 026, 028-029)**

The permittee has chosen option **1B** of the coal bed methane permitting options for discharges from outfall(s) **007, 009-010, 020-022, 026, 028-029**. Under this permitting option, the produced water is immediately discharged to a confined, off-channel, man-made pits (class 4C water) or non-discharging on-channel reservoirs that will not flow into any other waters of the state. The permittee has committed to, and will be required to contain all CBM discharge water and stormwater up to a 50 year 24 hour event within the off-channel man-made containment unit(s) from outfalls 028 and 029 and the ten on-channel reservoirs from outfalls 007, 009-010, 020-022 and 026. The permit establishes effluent limits for the end of pipe, which are protective of recreation, agriculture, industry, scenic value, and livestock and wildlife watering. Discharge from these reservoirs is not permitted unless runoff from a 50 yr-24 hr precipitation event or greater causes the reservoirs to fill and overtop. Intentional or additional discharge from these reservoirs is prohibited.

**Effluent Limits**

Permit effluent limits are based on federal and state regulations and are effective as of the date of issuance. The permit establishes the limits of pH must remain within 6.5 and 9.0 standard units. This limit is based upon Wyoming Water Quality Rules and Regulations, Chapter 2 and apply to discharge from any permitted outfall. These limits are based on Wyoming Water Quality Rules and Regulations, Chapter 1.

For Option 1B outfalls (007, 009-010, 020-022, 026, 028, 029), this permit establishes a limit of 2000 mg/l for chloride, an total arsenic limit of 150 µg/l, and a total barium limit of 2000 mg/l, which is protective of stock and wildlife watering. This limit is based upon Wyoming Water Quality Rules and Regulations, Chapter 2.

For Option 2 outfalls (001, 003-005, 011, 013-016, 018-019, 024, 027, 031), this permit establishes a limit of 150 mg/l for chloride which is protective of stock and wildlife watering. This limit is based upon Wyoming Water Quality Rules and Regulations, Chapter 2. In addition, the permit establishes limits for dissolved iron (1000 µg/l), a total arsenic limit of 8.4 µg/l, and total barium (1800 µg/l). This permit establishes a total radium<sup>226</sup> plus radium<sup>228</sup> limit of 1 pCi/l at the end of the pipe for outfalls less than 1 mile from Class 2 water (016, 027), a total radium<sup>226</sup> limit of 3 pCi/l for outfalls that are between 1 and 2 miles from Class 2 water (001, 013, 015, 018, 031), and a total radium<sup>226</sup> limit of 5 pCi/l for outfalls over 2 miles from Class 2 water (003-005, 011, 014, 019, 024). This limit is based on Wyoming Water Quality Rules and Regulations, Chapter 1.

This permit originally established a total radium<sup>226</sup> limit of 1 pCi/l at the Point of Compliance or 60 pCi/l at the end of pipe, a dissolved manganese limit of 621 µg/l at the Point of Compliance, sulfates of 3000 mg/l at the end-of-pipe, a chloride limit of 46 mg/l at the Point of Compliance, and a total petroleum hydrocarbons (TPH) limit of 10 mg/l at the end of pipe. Based upon water quality data collected by WDEQ since the time this permit was originally

issued, a permitting approach for establishing total radium limits in coal bed methane permits has been developed. This approach is based upon the distance of the outfall from a class 2 water. The update for the originally-established total radium<sup>226</sup> limit is based on this permitting approach. In addition, review of discharge monitoring report data for this facility and other CBM facilities in Northeast Wyoming indicates that the maximum reported concentrations for total petroleum hydrocarbons (TPH), sulfates, chlorides, and dissolved manganese in the discharge were well below the water quality standards established in *Wyoming Water Quality Rules and Regulations, Chapter 1*. Therefore, WDEQ has removed the effluent limit and monitoring requirement for TPH, sulfates, and dissolved manganese in this permit and the limit for chloride is increased to 150 mg/l at the end of pipe. Based on evaluation of the available data, it is WDEQ's determination that removing the total petroleum hydrocarbons limit and the dissolved manganese limit from this permit conforms to the anti-backsliding requirements established in Section 402(o).2.B.i of the Clean Water Act.

The permit also requires that an initial monitoring of the effluent be conducted within the first 60 days of discharge and the results submitted to WDEQ and the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency within 120 days of the commencement of discharge.

The permit also requires sampling at designated water quality monitoring stations located on the mainstem Powder River upstream and downstream from the confluence of Cottonwood Creek and the Powder River and on Cottonwood Creek. At the designated water quality monitoring stations, monitoring will be required for calcium, magnesium, sodium, sodium absorption ratio, and specific conductance. Established water quality monitoring stations on the Powder River are to be located outside the mixing zone with Cottonwood Creek and the Powder River. The designated water quality monitoring stations are listed in Part I.B.13.

The permit requires that the permittee analyze data obtained from the required permit monitoring to evaluate the accuracy and validity of the model used for the permit. Conclusions from the model evaluation shall be summarized in a technical report submitted annually to WDEQ.

There shall be no discharge of floating solids or visible foam in other than trace amounts, nor shall the discharge cause formation of visible deposits of iron, hydrocarbons or any other constituent on the bottom or shoreline of the receiving water. In addition, erosion control measures will be implemented to prevent significant damage to or erosion of the receiving water channel at the point of discharge.

The discharge of wastewater and the effluent limits that are established in this permit have been reviewed to ensure that the levels of water quality necessary to protect the designated uses of the receiving waters are maintained and protected. An antidegradation review has been conducted and verifies that the permit conditions, including the effluent limitations established, provide a level of protection to the receiving water consistent with the antidegradation provisions of Wyoming surface water quality standards.

Self monitoring of effluent quality and quantity is required on a regular basis with reporting of results quarterly and semiannually. The permit is scheduled to expire on June 30, 2012.

Eric Hargett  
Water Quality Division  
Department of Environmental Quality  
July 27, 2001  
Renewal – Bob Alexander – July 11, 2006  
Renewal – Bob Alexander – February 25, 2008

AUTHORIZATION TO DISCHARGE UNDER THE  
NATIONAL POLLUTANT DISCHARGE ELIMINATION SYSTEM

In compliance with the provisions of the Federal Water Pollution Control Act, (hereinafter referred to as "the Act"), and the Wyoming Environmental Quality Act,

Pennaco Energy, Inc.

is authorized to discharge from the wastewater treatment facilities serving the

Cottonwood Creek CBM Facility

located in

the SESW and NENW of Section 7, NENW, SWNE, NENE, NWNW and SWSE of Section 8, SWSE, SWSW, SWNW, NWSW, and SESW of Section 9, NWSE, NESE, NENW and SWSE of Section 10, SENW and NWNW of Section 15, and the NWNE and SENW of Section 16, all in Township 53 North, Range 77 West in Sheridan County

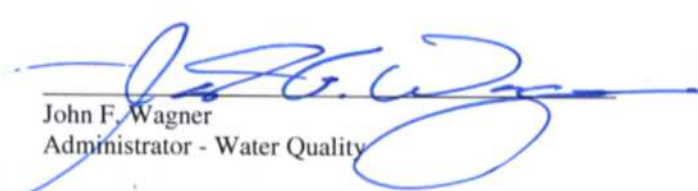
to receiving waters named

two (2) off channel pits (Class 4C), sixteen (16) on-channel reservoirs (Class 4B) located on unnamed tributaries of Cottonwood Creek (Class 3B) which is tributary to the Powder River (Class 2ABww)

in accordance with effluent limitations, monitoring requirements and other conditions set forth in Parts I, II and III hereof.

This permit became effective on September 28, 2001 and expires on June 30, 2008. **This renewed permit shall become effective on July 1, 2008.**

This permit and the authorization to discharge shall expire at midnight, June 30, 2012.

  
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John F. Wagner  
Administrator - Water Quality

5/8/08  
\_\_\_\_\_  
Date

  
\_\_\_\_\_  
John V. Corra  
Director - Department of Environmental Quality

5/8/08  
\_\_\_\_\_  
Date

PART I

A. EFFLUENT LIMITATIONS AND MONITORING REQUIREMENTS

1.a. **EFFLUENT LIMITS:**

Effective immediately and lasting through June 30, 2012, the quality of effluent discharged by the permittee shall, at a minimum, meet the limitations set forth below. The permittee is authorized to discharge from outfall(s) 001, 003-005, 011, 013-016, 018-019, 024, 027, 031.

Discharges from designated outfall(s) (001, 003-005, 007, 009-011, 013-016, 018-022, 024, 026-029, 031) shall be limited as specified below for distance based non-persistent pollutants:

Effluent Limits

Outfall(s) Serial Number	Dissolved Iron, mg/l	Total Radium 226 Plus Total Radium 228	Total Radium 226
016, 027	300	1	N/A
001, 013, 015, 018, 031	1000	N/A	3
003-005, 011, 014, 019, 024	1000	N/A	5
007, 009-010, 020-022, 026, 028-029	1000	N/A	N/A

Discharges from Option 2 outfalls (001, 003-005, 011, 013-016, 018-019, 024, 027, 031) shall also be limited as specified below:

Effluent Limits

<u>Effluent Characteristic</u>	<u>Daily Maximum</u>
Chlorides, mg/l	150
pH, s.u.	6.5-9.0
Specific Conductance, micromhos/cm	7500
Total Recoverable Arsenic, µg/l	8.4
Total Recoverable Barium, µg/l	1800
Total Flow, MGD*	0.44

\*Total Flow is to be calculated as the sum of all discharge from all permitted outfalls. The flow limit only applies to Option 2 reservoirs. Discharges from any of these reservoirs are only allowed during a storm event that causes the reservoirs to fill and overtop. In the event reservoirs overtop and discharge, discharges are limited to the natural over topping only. Intentional and/or additional discharge from the reservoirs is prohibited.

Discharges from Option 1B outfalls (007, 009-010, 020-022, 026, 028-029) shall also be limited as specified below:

Effluent Limits

<u>Effluent Characteristic</u>	<u>Daily Maximum</u>
Chlorides, mg/l	2000
pH, s.u.	6.5-9.0
Specific Conductance, micromhos/cm	7500
Total Recoverable Arsenic, µg/l	150
Total Recoverable Barium, µg/l	2000

Off-channel reservoirs cannot discharge except in the event of a 50-year 24-hour storm. Adequate verification of such storm events must be provided by the permittee if requested by WDEQ.

1.b. **Effluent limits applicable to all discharges from all outfalls:**

The pH shall not be less than 6.5 standard units nor greater than 9.0 standard units in any single grab sample.

There shall be no discharge of floating solids or visible foam in other than trace amounts, nor shall the discharge cause formation of a visible sheen or visible hydrocarbon deposits on the bottom or shoreline of the receiving water.

All waters shall be discharged in a manner to prevent erosion, scouring, or damage to stream banks, stream beds, ditches, or other waters of the state at the point of discharge. In addition, there shall be no deposition of substances in quantities which could result in significant aesthetic degradation, or degradation of habitat for aquatic life, plant life or wildlife; or which could adversely affect public water supplies or those intended for agricultural or industrial use.

2. Discharges shall be monitored by the permittee as specified below:

a. Monitoring of the initial discharge

Within 60 days of commencement of discharge, a sample shall be collected from *each outfall that has not been previously sampled for initial monitoring* and analyzed for the constituents specified below, noting the required detection limits. Within 120 days of commencement of discharge, a summary report on the produced water must be submitted to the Wyoming Department of Environmental Quality and the U.S. EPA Region 8 at the addresses listed below. This summary report must include the results and detection limits for each of the constituents and documentation which indicates whether effluent has the potential to reach a class 2 or 3 water body. In addition, the report must include written notification of the established location of the discharge point (refer to Part I.B.11). This notification must include a confirmation that the location of the established discharge point(s) is within 1,510 feet of the location of the identified discharge point(s), is within the same drainage, and discharges to the same landowner's property as identified on the original application form. The legal description and location in decimal degrees of the established discharge point(s) must also be provided. After receiving the monitoring results for the initial discharge, the routine monitoring requirements described in Part I.A.2.b. may be modified to require more stringent monitoring.

Parameter* (See notes following the table on chemical states)	Required Detection Limits and Required Units
Alkalinity, Total	1 mg/l as CaCO <sub>3</sub>
Aluminum, Dissolved	50 µg/l
Arsenic, Total Recoverable	1 µg/l
Barium, Total Recoverable	100 µg/l
Bicarbonate	10 mg/l
Cadmium, Dissolved	5 µg/l
Calcium, Dissolved	50 µg/l, report as mg/l
Chloride	5 mg/l
Copper, Dissolved	10 µg/l
Fluoride, Dissolved	0.1 µg/l
Dissolved Solids, Total	5 mg/l
Hardness, Total	10 mg/l as CaCO <sub>3</sub>

<u>Parameter*</u> (See notes following the table on chemical states)	<u>Required Detection Limits and Required Units</u>
Iron, Dissolved	50 µg/l
Lead, Dissolved	2 µg/l
Magnesium, Dissolved	100 µg/l, report as mg/l
Manganese, Dissolved	50 µg/l
Mercury, Dissolved	1 µg/l
pH	to 0.1 pH unit
Total Radium 226	0.2 pCi/l
Total Radium 228*	0.2 pCi/l
Selenium, Total Recoverable	5 µg/l
Sodium Adsorption Ratio	Calculated as unadjusted ratio
Sodium, Dissolved	100 µg/l, report as mg/l
Specific Conductance	5 micromhos/cm
Sulfates	10 mg/l
Zinc, Dissolved	50 µg/l

\*Only applicable for discharges from outfalls within a mile of the Powder River (016, 027)

**TOTAL:** Value is expressed in terms of total recoverable metal in the water column.

NOTE: Except for aquatic life values for metals and where otherwise indicated, the values given refer to the total recoverable (dissolved plus suspended) amount for each substance. For the aquatic life values for metals, the values refer to the dissolved amount.

**DISSOLVED:** Value is based on the dissolved amount which is the amount that will pass through a 0.45 µm membrane filter prior to acidification to pH 1.5 - 2.0 with nitric acid.

Initial monitoring reports are to be sent to the following addresses:

Planning and Targeting Program, 8ENF-PT  
 Office of Enforcement, Compliance, and Environmental Justice  
 U.S. EPA Region 8  
 1595 Wynkoop St.  
 Denver, CO 80202-1955

and

Wyoming Department of Environmental Quality  
 Water Quality Division  
 Herschler Building, 4 West  
 122 West 25th Street  
 Cheyenne, WY 82002

b. Routine monitoring

The permit requires daily monitoring of Cottonwood Creek to determine if water discharged from the outfalls reaches the established tributary water quality monitoring stations (TRIB1, TRIB2) located as described in Table 1, Part I.B.13. of this permit. Daily monitoring is necessary because the effluent limitations and monitoring requirements established by this permit vary depending on whether produced water reaches the point of compliance.

End of Pipe (Discharges into reservoirs, Option 2) (001, 003-005, 011, 013-016, 018-019, 024, 027, 031)

For the duration of the permit, at a minimum, samples for the constituents described below shall be collected at the indicated frequencies. The first routine monitoring for the time frame during which the monitoring of initial discharge occurs will, at a minimum, consist of flow measurements for the duration of the six-month monitoring time frame. Monitoring will be based on semi-annual time frames, from January through June, and from July through December.

<u>Parameter</u>	<u>Measurement Frequency</u>	<u>Sample Type</u>
Bicarbonate, mg/l	Annually	Grab
Dissolved Calcium, mg/l	Monthly	Grab
Chloride, mg/l	Annually	Grab
Dissolved Iron, µg/l	Annually	Grab
Dissolved Fluoride, µg/l	Monthly	Grab
Dissolved Magnesium, mg/l	Monthly	Grab
pH, s.u.	Once Every Six Months	Grab
Total Radium 226, pCi/l	Annually	Grab
Total Radium 228, pCi/l*	Annually	Grab
Dissolved Sodium, mg/l	Monthly	Grab
Sodium Adsorption Ratio	Monthly	Calculated
Specific Conductance, micromhos/cm	Monthly	Grab
Total Alkalinity, mg/l	Annually	Grab
Total Arsenic, Recoverable µg/l	Annually	Grab
Total Recoverable Barium, µg/l	Annually	Grab
Total Flow - (MGD)	Monthly	Continuous

\*Only applicable to Option 2 outfalls within 1 mile of the Powder River (016, 027)

End of Pipe, Option 1B outfalls (007, 009-010, 020-022, 026, 028-029)

For the duration of the permit, at a minimum, samples for the constituents described below shall be collected at the indicated frequencies. The first routine monitoring for the time frame during which the monitoring of initial discharge occurs will, at a minimum, consist of flow measurements for the duration of the six-month monitoring time frame. Monitoring will be based on semi-annual time frames, from January through June, and from July through December.

<u>Parameter</u>	<u>Measurement Frequency</u>	<u>Sample Type</u>
Specific Conductance (micromhos/cm)	Once Every Six Months	Grab
Total Recoverable Arsenic (µg/l)	Annually	Grab
Total Recoverable Selenium (µg/l)	Annually	Grab
Total Recoverable Barium, µg/l	Annually	Grab
Chlorides (mg/l)	Annually	Grab
Sulfate (mg/l)	Annually	Grab
pH (standard units)	Once Every Six Months	Grab

Samples taken in compliance with the monitoring requirements specified above shall be taken at the following location(s): At the outfall of the final treatment unit which is located out of the natural drainage and prior to admixture with diluent waters.

Water Quality Monitoring Stations (UPR, DPR, TRIB1, TRIB2, FM007, FM009, FM010, FM021, FM022, FM026, FM028, FM029)

For the duration of the permit, at a minimum, samples for the constituents described below shall be collected at the indicated frequencies when water discharged from the outfalls reaches the water quality monitoring stations (UPR, DPR, TRIB1, TRIB2, FM007, FM009, FM010, FM021, FM022, FM026, FM028, FM029). Monitoring will be based on quarterly time frames, from January through March, April through June, July through September, and from October through December.

<u>Parameter</u>	<u>Measurement Frequency</u>	<u>Sample Type</u>
Dissolved Calcium, mg/l	Quarterly	Grab
Dissolved Magnesium, mg/l	Quarterly	Grab
Dissolved, Sodium, mg/l	Quarterly	Grab
Sodium Adsorption Ratio	Quarterly	Calculated
Specific Conductance, micromhos/cm	Quarterly	Grab
Flow, MGD	Quarterly	Instantaneous

Samples taken in compliance with the monitoring requirements specified above shall be taken at the following location(s): designated water quality monitoring stations located on the mainstem Powder River, upstream and downstream of the confluence with Cottonwood Creek. The designated water quality monitoring stations are located as listed in Table 1, Part I.B.13. Established water quality monitoring stations on the Powder River are located outside the mixing zone with Cottonwood Creek and the Powder River.

Containment Unit Monitoring – CU007, CU009-CU010, CU021-CU022, CU026, CU028, CU029

For the duration of the permit, at a minimum, samples for the constituents described below shall be collected at the indicated frequencies. Monitoring will be based on monthly time frames, and reported semiannually.

<u>Parameter</u>	<u>Measurement Frequency</u>	<u>Sample Type</u>
Specific Conductance (micromhos/cm)	Annually	Grab
Total Recoverable Arsenic (µg/l)	Annually	Grab
Total Recoverable Selenium (µg/l)	Annually	Grab
Chlorides (mg/l)	Annually	Grab
Total Dissolved Solids (mg/l)	Annually	Grab
Sulfate (mg/l)	Annually	Grab
pH (standard units)	Annually	Grab

Samples taken in compliance with the monitoring requirements specified above shall be taken at the following location(s): within the individual containment units, outside of the mixing zone of the outfall and the containment unit, at least 100 feet from the location that the discharge enters the containment unit. See Part I.B.12 of the permit for additional information regarding containment unit locations.

**B. MONITORING AND REPORTING**

1. Representative Sampling

Samples and measurements taken as required herein shall be representative of the volume and nature of the monitored discharge. All samples shall be taken at the monitoring points specified in this permit and, unless otherwise specified, before the effluent joins or is diluted by any other waste stream, body of water, or substance. Monitoring points shall not be changed without notification to and approval by, the permit issuing authority.

2. Reporting

Results of initial monitoring shall be summarized on a Monitoring Report Form for Monitoring of Initial Discharge and submitted to the state water pollution control agency at the address below postmarked no later than 90 days after the commencement of discharge.

Results of routine quarterly and semiannual monitoring during the previous six (6) months shall be summarized and reported semiannually on a Discharge Monitoring Report Form (DMR). The information submitted on the first semiannual DMR shall contain a summary of flow measurements and any additional monitoring conducted subsequent to the submittal of the initial monitoring report. Whole effluent toxicity (biomonitoring) results must be reported on the most recent version of EPA Region VIII's Guidance for Whole Effluent Reporting. Monitoring reports must be submitted to the state water pollution control agency at the following address postmarked

no later than the 15th day of the month following the completed reporting period. The first report is due on August 15, 2008.

Legible copies of these, and all other reports required herein, shall be signed and certified in accordance with the Signatory Requirements contained in Part II.A.11.

Wyoming Department of Environmental Quality  
 Water Quality Division  
 Herschler Building, 4 West  
 122 West 25th Street  
 Cheyenne, WY 82002  
 Telephone: (307) 777-7781

If no discharge occurs during the reporting period, "no discharge" shall be reported. If discharge is intermittent during the reporting period, sampling shall be done while the facility is discharging.

3. Definitions

- a. The "monthly average" shall be determined by calculating the arithmetic mean (geometric mean in the case of fecal coliform) of all composite and/or grab samples collected during a calendar month.
- b. The "weekly average" shall be determined by calculating the arithmetic mean (geometric mean in the case of fecal coliform) of all composite and/or grab samples collected during any week.
- c. The "daily maximum" shall be determined by the analysis of a single grab or composite sample.
- d. "MGD", for monitoring requirements, is defined as million gallons per day.
- e. "Net" value, if noted under Effluent Characteristics, is calculated on the basis of the net increase of the individual parameter over the quantity of that same parameter present in the intake water measured prior to any contamination or use in the process of this facility. Any contaminants contained in any intake water obtained from underground wells shall not be adjusted for as described above and, therefore, shall be considered as process input to the final effluent. Limitations in which "net" is not noted are calculated on the basis of gross measurements of each parameter in the discharge, irrespective of the quantity of those parameters in the intake waters.
- f. A "composite" sample, for monitoring requirements, is defined as a minimum of four grab samples collected at equally spaced two hour intervals and proportioned according to flow.
- g. An "instantaneous" measurement for monitoring requirements is defined as a single reading, measurement, or observation.
- h. A "pollutant" is any substance or substances which, if allowed to enter surface waters of the state, causes or threatens to cause pollution as defined in the Wyoming Environmental Quality Act, Section 35-11-103.
- i. "Total Flow" is the total volume of water discharged, measured on a continuous basis and reported as a total volume for each month during a reporting period. The accuracy of flow measurement must comply with Part III.A.1.

4. Test Procedures

Test procedures for the analysis of pollutants, collection of samples, sample containers, sample preservation, and holding times, shall conform to regulations published pursuant to 40 CFR, Part 136, unless other test procedures have been specified in this permit.

5. Recording of Results

For each measurement or sample taken pursuant to the requirements of this permit, the permittee shall record the following information:

- a. The exact place, date and time of sampling;
- b. The dates and times the analyses were performed;
- c. The person(s) who performed the analyses and collected the samples;
- d. The analytical techniques or methods used; and
- e. The results of all required analyses including the bench sheets, instrument readouts, computer disks or tapes, etc., used to determine the results.

6. Additional Monitoring by Permittee

If the permittee monitors any pollutant at the location(s) designated herein more frequently than required by this permit, using approved analytical methods as specified above, the results of such monitoring shall be included in the calculation and reporting of the values required in the Discharge Monitoring Report Form. Such increased frequency shall also be indicated.

7. Records Retention

The permittee shall retain records of all monitoring information, including all calibration and maintenance records and all original strip chart recordings for continuous monitoring instrumentation, copies of all reports required by this permit, and records of all data used to complete the application for this permit, for a period of at least three years from the date of the sample, measurement, report or application. This period may be extended by request of the administrator at any time. Data collected on site, copies of Discharge Monitoring Reports and a copy of this NPDES permit must be maintained on site during the duration of activity at the permitted location.

8. Penalties for Tampering

The Act provides that any person who falsifies, tampers with or knowingly renders inaccurate, any monitoring device or method required to be maintained under this permit shall, upon conviction, be punished by a fine of not more than \$10,000 per violation, or by imprisonment for not more than two years per violation, or both.

9. Compliance Schedules

Reports of compliance or noncompliance with, or any progress reports on interim and final requirements contained in any Compliance Schedule of this permit shall be submitted no later than 14 days following each schedule date.

10. Facility Identification

All facilities discharging produced water shall be clearly identified with an all-weather sign posted at each outfall and flow monitoring locations (points of compliance). This sign shall, as a minimum, convey the following information:

- a. The name of the company, corporation, person(s) who holds the discharge permit, and the NPDES permit number;
- b. The contact name and phone number of the person responsible for the records associated with the permit;

- c. The name of the facility (lease, well number, etc.) and the outfall number as identified by the discharge permit.

11. Identification and Establishment of Discharge Points

According to 40 CFR 122.21(k)(1), the permittee shall identify the expected location of each discharge point on the appropriate NPDES permit application form. The location of the discharge point must be identified to within an accuracy of 15 seconds. This equates to a distance of 1,510 feet.

In order for the permit not to be subjected to additional public notice, the location of the established discharge point must be within 1,510 feet of the location of the discharge point originally identified on the permit application. In addition, the discharge must be within the same drainage and must discharge to the same landowner's property as identified on the original application form. If the three previously stated requirements are not satisfied, modification of the discharge point location(s) constitutes a major modification of the permit as defined in Part I.B.12. The permittee shall provide written notification of the establishment of each discharge point in accordance with Part I.A.2.a above.

12. Location of Discharge Points

See Table 1 for a list of authorized points of discharge as of the date of permit issuance.

13. Location of Water Quality Monitoring Stations

See Table 1 for a list of authorized water quality monitoring stations as of the date of permit issuance.

**Table 1: List of Authorized Outfalls and Water Quality Monitoring Stations**

Discharge Point # (outfall)	Immediate Receiving Stream	Distance To Class 2 Water (miles)	Qtr/ Qtr	Sec	Tw	Rng	Latitude	Longitude	Reservoir Name	Groundwater Monitoring Requirements
001	Cottonwood Creek	1.70	SE	15	53	77	44.57210	-106.10898	House Grain Field	No
003	Cottonwood Creek	2.70	NW	16	53	77	44.57720	-106.12726	Ethel #2	No
004	Cottonwood Creek	3.00	SW	9	53	77	44.58188	-106.12818	Ethel #1	No
005*	Cottonwood Creek	3.40	SW	9	53	77	44.57849	-106.13821	Lorah #1 Ethel #1	No
007	Cottonwood Creek	5.70	SE	7	53	77	44.57997	-106.16994	Big Gulp	No
009	Cottonwood Creek	4.30	NE	8	53	77	44.59033	-106.15277	Halley #1	No
010*	Cottonwood Creek	4.10	SW	8	53	77	44.58816	-106.14882	Pat #1	No
011	Cottonwood Creek	3.30	SW	9	53	77	44.58713	-106.13564	Lorah #2	No
013*	Cottonwood Creek	2.60	NW	16	53	77	44.57570	-106.12636	Ethel #3	No
014*	Cottonwood Creek	3.20	SE	9	53	77	44.58463	-106.10817	Ethel #1	No
015	Cottonwood Creek	1.10	NW	10	53	77	44.58462	-106.10769	N. Cottonwood #1	No
016*	Cottonwood Creek	0.70	NE	10	53	77	44.58463	-106.10065	N. Cottonwood #2	No
018	Cottonwood Creek	1.40	NE	10	53	77	44.58969	-106.11228	N. Cottonwood #1	No
019	Cottonwood Creek	3.60	NE	8	53	77	44.59018	-106.14002	Lorah #2	No

Discharge Point # (outfall)	Immediate Receiving Stream	Distance To Class 2 Water (miles)	Qtr/ Qtr	Sec	TwN	Rng	Latitude	Longitude	Reservoir Name	Groundwater Monitoring Requirements
020	Cottonwood Creek	4.30	NENW	8	53	77	44.58961	-106.14958	Pat #1	No
021	Cottonwood Creek	4.80	NWNW	8	53	77	44.59230	-106.15987	Pat #3	No
022	Cottonwood Creek	5.20	NENW	7	53	77	44.59124	-106.17086	Frostbite	No
024	Cottonwood Creek	3.00	SEnw	16	53	77	44.57163	-106.12993	Ethel #3	No
026	Cottonwood Creek	4.90	SWSE	8	53	77	44.57986	-106.14857	R14W-8-53-77	Yes
027	Cottonwood Creek	0.6	SWSE	10	53	77	44.58111	-106.10659	R16W-10-53-77	Yes
028	Off-Channel Pit	3.8	NWSW	9	53	77	44.58494	-106.13861	P12W-9-53-77	Yes
029	Off-Channel Pit	3.2	SESW	9	53	77	44.58132	-106.13130	P15W-9-53-77	Yes
031	UET to Cottonwood Creek	1.9	NWNW	15	53	77	44.57482	-106.11825	Cottonbowl	Yes
	Station Description									
TRIB1	Tributary WQMS – Cottonwood Cr.	--	SWSW	11	53	77	44.57880	-106.09850	--	--
TRIB2	Tributary WQMS – UET to Powder River	--	SWSW	11	53	77	44.58130	-106.09640	--	--
DPR	Downstream WQMS	--	SESW	2	53	77	44.59450	-106.08200	--	--
UPR	Upstream WQMS	--	SWSE	11	53	77	44.57840	-106.08890	--	--
FM7	Flow Monitoring Station	--	SESW	7	53	77	44.58114	-106.17103	--	--
FM9	Flow Monitoring Station	--	NENW	8	53	77	44.58997	-106.15303	--	--
FM10	Flow Monitoring Station	--	SWNE	8	53	77	44.58647	-106.14796	--	--
FM21	Flow Monitoring Station	--	NENE	7	53	77	44.59128	-106.15984	--	--
FM22	Flow Monitoring Station	--	NENW	7	53	77	44.58998	-106.17118	--	--
FM26	Flow Monitoring Station	--	SWSE	8	53	77	44.58113	-106.14798	--	--
FM28	Flow Monitoring Station	--	SWNW	9	53	77	44.58568	-106.13793	--	--
FM29	Flow Monitoring Station	--	NESW	9	53	77	44.58239	-106.12977	--	--
CU7	Containment Unit WQMS	--	SESW	7	53	77	44.58059	-106.17056	--	--
CU9	Containment Unit WQMS	--	NENW	8	53	77	44.59033	-106.15278	--	--

Discharge Point # (outfall)	Station Description	Distance To Class 2 Water (miles)	Qtr/ Qtr	Sec	TwN	Rng	Latitude	Longitude	Reservoir Name	Groundwater Monitoring Requirements
CU10	Containment Unit WQMS	--	SWNE	8	53	77	44.58695	-106.14820	--	--
CU21	Containment Unit WQMS	--	NENE	7	53	77	44.59167	-106.15973	--	--
CU22	Containment Unit WQMS	--	NENW	7	53	77	44.59035	-106.17117	--	--
CU26	Containment Unit WQMS	--	SESW	8	53	77	44.58177	-106.14864	--	--
CU28	Off-Channel Pit	3.8	NWSW	9	53	77	44.58581	-106.13870	--	--
CU29	Off-Channel Pit	3.2	SESW	9	53	77	44.58184	-106.13082	--	--

\*These outfall locations have been verified by WDEQ GPS field data using NAD 83.

WQMS – Water Quality Monitoring Station

Requests for modification of the above list will be processed as follows. If the requested modification satisfies the definition of a minor permit modification as defined in 40 CFR 122.63 modifications will not be required to be advertised in a public notice. A minor modification constitutes a correction of a typographical error, increase in monitoring and/or reporting, revision to an interim compliance schedule date, change in ownership, revision of a construction schedule for a new source discharger, deletion of permitted outfalls, and/or the incorporation of an approved local pretreatment program.

A request for a minor modification must be initiated by the permittee by completing the form titled National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System Permit Modification Application For Coal Bed Methane. Incomplete application forms will be returned to the applicant.

The outfalls listed in the table below may be moved from the established location without submittal of a permit modification application provided all of the following conditions are satisfied:

1. The new outfall location is within 2640 feet of the established outfall location.
2. The new outfall location is within the same drainage or immediate permitted receiving waterbody.
3. There is no change in the affected landowners.
4. Notification of the change in outfall location must be provided to the NPDES Permits Section on a form provided by the WQD Administrator within 10 days of the outfall location change. The form must be provided in duplicate and legible maps showing the previous and new outfall location must be attached to the form.

Moving an outfall location without satisfying the four above listed conditions will be considered a violation of this permit and subject to full enforcement authority of the WQD.

An outfall relocation as described above will not be allowed if the new outfall location is less than one mile from the confluence of a Class 2 waterbody and the dissolved iron limits established in the permit for the outfall are based upon Class 3 standards.

### C. **RESERVOIR / IMPOUNDMENT REQUIREMENTS**

#### 1. **Groundwater Monitoring Beneath Impoundments**

Table 1 of the permit above identifies which outfalls (if any) are designed to discharge into impoundments that are subject to groundwater monitoring requirements established in the latest version of the Water Quality Division guideline “*Compliance Monitoring for Groundwater Protection Beneath Unlined Coalbed Methane Produced Water Impoundments.*” These specified outfalls are not authorized to discharge until a written groundwater compliance approval has been granted by the Groundwater Pollution Control Program of the Water Quality Division. A groundwater compliance approval will consist of either a final approved groundwater compliance monitoring plan, or written authorization for an exemption thereof. Once an impoundment has been granted a written groundwater compliance approval, the contributing outfall(s) to that reservoir may commence discharge.

Any discharge into an impoundment which has not been granted the required groundwater compliance approval will constitute a violation of this permit, and may result in enforcement action from the Water Quality Division to include a notice of violation, revocation of the discharge permit, or other appropriate enforcement action.

PART II

A. MANAGEMENT REQUIREMENTS

1. Changes

The permittee shall give notice to the administrator of the Water Quality Division as soon as possible of any physical alterations or additions to the permitted facility. Notice is required when:

- a. The alteration or addition to a permitted facility may meet one of the criteria for determining whether a facility is a new source as determined in 40 CFR 122.29 (b); or
- b. The alteration or addition could change the nature or increase the quantity of pollutants discharged.

2. Noncompliance Notification

- a. The permittee shall give advance notice of any planned changes in the permitted facility or activity which may result in noncompliance with permit requirements.
- b. The permittee shall report any noncompliance which may endanger health or the environment as soon as possible, but no later than 24 hours from the time the permittee first became aware of the circumstances. The report shall be made to the Water Quality Division, Wyoming Department of Environmental Quality at (307) 777-7781.
- c. For any incidence of noncompliance, including noncompliance related to non-toxic pollutants or non-hazardous substances, a written submission shall be provided within five (5) days of the time that the permittee becomes aware of the noncompliance circumstance.

The written submission shall contain:

- (1) A description of the noncompliance and its cause;
  - (2) The period of noncompliance, including exact dates and times;
  - (3) The estimated time noncompliance is expected to continue if it has not been corrected; and
  - (4) Steps taken or planned to reduce, eliminate and prevent reoccurrence of the noncompliance.
- d. The following occurrences of unanticipated noncompliance shall be reported by telephone to the Water Quality Division, Watershed Management Section, NPDES Program (307) 777-7781 as soon as possible, but no later than 24 hours from the time the permittee first became aware of the circumstances.

- (1) Any unanticipated bypass which exceeds any effluent limitation in the permit;
  - (2) Any upset which exceeds any effluent limitation in the permit; or
  - (3) Violation of a maximum daily discharge limitation for any toxic pollutants or hazardous substances, or any pollutants specifically identified as the method to control a toxic pollutant or hazardous substance listed in the permit.
- e. The administrator of the Water Quality Division may waive the written report on a case-by-case basis if the oral report has been received within 24 hours by the Water Quality Division, NPDES Program (307) 777-7781.
  - f. Reports shall be submitted to the Wyoming Department of Environmental Quality at the address in Part I under Reporting and to the Planning and Targeting Program, 8ENF-PT, Office of Enforcement, Compliance, and Environmental Justice, U.S. EPA Region 8, 1595 Wynkoop Street, Denver, CO 80202-1129.
  - g. The permittee shall report all instances of noncompliance that have not been specifically addressed in any part of this permit at the time the monitoring reports are due.

### 3. Facilities Operation

The permittee shall, at all times, properly operate and maintain all facilities and systems of treatment and control (and related appurtenances) which are installed or used by the permittee to achieve compliance with the conditions of this permit. Proper operation and maintenance also includes adequate laboratory controls and appropriate quality assurance procedures. This provision requires the operation of back-up or auxiliary facilities or similar systems which are installed by the permittee only when the operation is necessary to achieve compliance with the conditions of the permit. However, the permittee shall operate, as a minimum, one complete set of each main line unit treatment process whether or not this process is needed to achieve permit effluent compliance.

### 4. Adverse Impact

The permittee shall take all reasonable steps to minimize any adverse impact to waters of the state resulting from noncompliance with any effluent limitations specified in this permit, including such accelerated or additional monitoring as necessary to determine the nature and impact of the noncomplying discharge.

### 5. Bypass of Treatment Facilities

- a. Bypass means the intentional diversion of waste streams from any portion of a treatment facility.
- b. The permittee may allow any bypass to occur which does not cause effluent limitations to be exceeded, but only if it is for essential maintenance to assure efficient operation. These bypasses are not subject to the provisions of

paragraphs c. and d. of this section. Return of removed substances to the discharge stream shall not be considered a bypass under the provisions of this paragraph.

- c. Notice:
  - (1) Anticipated bypass. If the permittee knows in advance of the need for a bypass, it shall submit prior notice at least 60 days before the date of the bypass.
  - (2) Unanticipated bypass. The permittee shall submit notice of an unanticipated bypass as required under Part II.A.2.
- d. Prohibition of bypass.
  - (1) Bypass is prohibited and the administrator of the Water Quality Division may take enforcement action against a permittee for a bypass, unless:
    - (a) The bypass was unavoidable to prevent loss of life, personal injury or severe property damage;
    - (b) There were no feasible alternatives to the bypass, such as the use of auxiliary treatment facilities, retention of untreated wastes or maintenance during normal periods of equipment downtime. This condition is not satisfied if adequate back-up equipment should have been installed to prevent a bypass which occurred during normal periods of equipment downtime or preventive maintenance; and
    - (c) The permittee submitted notices as required under paragraph c. of this section.
- e. The administrator of the Water Quality Division may approve an anticipated bypass, after considering its adverse effects, if the administrator determines that it will meet the three conditions listed above in paragraph d. (1) of this section.

## 6. Upset Conditions

- a. Upset means an exceptional incident in which there is unintentional and temporary noncompliance with technology based permit effluent limitations because of factors beyond the reasonable control of the permittee. An upset does not include noncompliance to the extent caused by operational error, improper designed treatment facilities, inadequate treatment facilities, lack of preventive maintenance, or careless or improper operation.
- b. An upset constitutes an affirmative defense to an action brought for noncompliance with technology based permit effluent limitations if the requirements of paragraph c. of this section are met.

- c. A permittee who wishes to establish the affirmative defense of upset shall demonstrate, through properly signed, contemporaneous operating logs or other relevant evidence that:
- (1) An upset occurred and that the permittee can identify the cause(s) of the upset;
  - (2) The permitted facility was at the time being properly operated;
  - (3) The permittee submitted notice of the upset as required under Part II.A.2; and
  - (4) The permittee complied with any remedial measures required under Part II.A.4.
- d. Burden of proof. In any enforcement proceeding, the permittee seeking to establish the occurrence of an upset has the burden of proof.

7. Removed Substances

Solids, sludges, filter backwash or other pollutants removed in the course of treatment or control of wastewaters or intake waters shall be disposed of in a manner such as to prevent any pollutant from such materials from entering waters of the state.

8. Power Failures

In order to maintain compliance with the effluent limitations and prohibitions of this permit, the permittee shall either:

- a. In accordance with a schedule of compliance contained in Part I, provide an alternative power source sufficient to operate the wastewater control facilities; or
- b. If such alternative power source as described in paragraph a. above is not in existence and no date for its implementation appears in Part I, take such precautions as are necessary to maintain and operate the facility under its control in a manner that will minimize upsets and insure stable operation until power is restored.

9. Duty to Comply

The permittee must comply with all conditions of this permit. Any permit noncompliance constitutes a violation of the federal act and the Wyoming Environmental Quality Act and is grounds for enforcement action; for permit termination, revocation and reissuance, or modification; or for denial of a permit renewal application. The permittee shall give the administrator of the Water Quality Division advance notice of any planned changes at the permitted facility or of any activity which may result in permit noncompliance.

10. Duty to Mitigate

The permittee shall take all reasonable steps to minimize or prevent any discharge in violation of this permit which has a reasonable likelihood of adversely affecting human health or the environment.

11. Signatory Requirements

All applications, reports or information submitted to the administrator of the Water Quality Division shall be signed and certified.

- a. All permit applications shall be signed as follows:
  - (1) For a corporation: by a responsible corporate officer;
  - (2) For a partnership or sole proprietorship: by a general partner or the proprietor, respectively;
  - (3) For a municipality, state, federal or other public agency: by either a principal executive officer or ranking elected official.
- b. All reports required by the permit and other information requested by the administrator of the Water Quality Division shall be signed by a person described above or by a duly authorized representative of that person. A person is a duly authorized representative only if:
  - (1) The authorization is made in writing by a person described above and submitted to the administrator of the Water Quality Division; and
  - (2) The authorization specified either an individual or a position having responsibility for the overall operation of the regulated facility or activity, such as the position of plant manager, operator of a well or a well field, superintendent, position of equivalent responsibility or an individual or position having overall responsibility for environmental matters for the company. A duly authorized representative may thus be either a named individual or any individual occupying a named position.
- c. If an authorization under paragraph II.A.11.b. is no longer accurate because a different individual or position has responsibility for the overall operation of the facility, a new authorization satisfying the requirements of paragraph II.A.11.b must be submitted to the administrator of the Water Quality Division prior to or together with any reports, information or applications to be signed by an authorized representative.
- d. Any person signing a document under this section shall make the following certification:
 

"I certify, under penalty of law, that this document and all attachments were prepared under my direction or supervision in accordance with a system designed to assure that qualified personnel properly gather and evaluate the information submitted. Based on my inquiry of the person or persons who manage the

system or those persons directly responsible for gathering the information, the information submitted is, to the best of my knowledge and belief, true, accurate and complete. I am aware that there are significant penalties for submitting false information, including the possibility of fine and imprisonment for knowing violations."

## B. RESPONSIBILITIES

### 1. Inspection and Entry

If requested, the permittee shall provide written certification from the surface landowner(s), if different than the permittee, that the administrator or the administrator's authorized agent has access to all physical locations associated with this permit including well heads, discharge points, reservoirs, monitoring locations, and any waters of the state.

The permittee shall allow the administrator of the Water Quality Division or an authorized representative, upon the presentation of credentials and other documents as may be required by law, to:

- a. Enter upon the permittee's premises where a regulated facility or activity is located or conducted or where records must be kept under the conditions of this permit;
- b. Have access to and copy, at reasonable times, any records that must be kept under the conditions of this permit;
- c. Inspect, at reasonable times, any facilities, equipment (including monitoring and control equipment), practices or operations regulated or required under this permit; and
- d. Sample or monitor, at reasonable times, for the purpose of assuring permit compliance or as otherwise authorized by the federal act, any substances or parameters at any location.

### 2. Transfer of Ownership or Control

In the event of any change in control or ownership of facilities from which the authorized discharges emanate, the permittee shall notify the succeeding owner or controller of the existence of this permit by letter, a copy of which shall be forwarded to the regional administrator of the Environmental Protection Agency and the administrator of the Water Quality Division. The administrator of the Water Quality Division shall then provide written notification to the new owner or controller of the date in which they assume legal responsibility of the permit. The permit may be modified or revoked and reissued to change the name of the permittee and incorporate such other requirements as described in the federal act.

### 3. Availability of Reports

Except for data determined to be confidential under Section 308 of the federal act, all reports prepared in accordance with the terms of this permit shall be available for public

inspection at the offices of the Wyoming Department of Environmental Quality and the regional administrator of the Environmental Protection Agency. As required by the federal act, effluent data shall not be considered confidential. Knowingly making any false statement on any such report may result in the imposition of criminal penalties as provided for in Section 309 of the federal act.

4. Toxic Pollutants

The permittee shall comply with effluent standards or prohibitions established under Section 307 (a) of the federal act for toxic pollutants within the time provided in the regulations that establish those standards or prohibitions, even if the permit has not yet been modified to incorporate the requirement.

5. Changes in Discharge of Toxic Substances

Notification shall be provided to the administrator of the Water Quality Division as soon as the permittee knows of, or has reason to believe:

- a. That any activity has occurred or will occur which would result in the discharge, on a routine or frequent basis, of any toxic pollutant which is not limited in the permit, if that discharge will exceed the highest of the following "notification levels":
  - (1) One hundred micrograms per liter (100 µg/l);
  - (2) Two hundred micrograms per liter (200 µg/l) for acrolein and acrylonitrile; five hundred micrograms per liter (500 µg/l) for 2,4-dinitrophenol and for 2-methyl-4,6-dinitrophenol; and one milligram per liter (1 mg/l) for antimony;
  - (3) Five (5) times the maximum concentration value reported for that pollutant in the permit application in accordance with 40 CFR 122.21 (g) (7); or
  - (4) The level established by the director of the Environmental Protection Agency in accordance with 40 CFR 122.44 (f).
  
- b. That any activity has occurred or will occur which would result in any discharge, on a non-routine or infrequent basis, of a toxic pollutant which is not limited in the permit, if that discharge will exceed the highest of the following "notification levels":
  - (1) Five hundred micrograms per liter (500 µg/l);
  - (2) One milligram per liter (1 mg/l) for antimony;
  - (3) Ten (10) times the maximum concentration value reported for that pollutant in the permit application in accordance with 40 CFR 122.21 (g) (7); or
  - (4) The level established by the director of the Environmental Protection Agency in accordance with 40 CFR 122.44 (f).

6. Civil and Criminal Liability

Nothing in this permit shall be construed to relieve the permittee from civil or criminal penalties for noncompliance. As long as the conditions related to the provisions of "Bypass of Treatment Facilities" (Part II.A.5), "Upset Conditions" (Part II.A.6), and "Power Failures" (Part II.A.8) are satisfied then they shall not be considered as noncompliance.

7. Need to Halt or Reduce Activity not a Defense

It shall not be a defense for a permittee in an enforcement action that it would have been necessary to halt or reduce the permitted activity in order to maintain compliance with the conditions of this permit.

8. Oil and Hazardous Substance Liability

Nothing in this permit shall be construed to preclude the institution of any legal action or relieve the permittee from any responsibilities, liabilities or penalties to which the permittee is or may be subject under Section 311 of the federal act.

9. State Laws

Nothing in this permit shall be construed to preclude the institution of any legal action or relieve the permittee from any responsibilities, liabilities or penalties established pursuant to any applicable state or federal law or regulation. In addition, issuance of this permit does not substitute for any other permits required under the Clean Water Act or any other federal, state, or local law.

10. Property Rights

The issuance of this permit does not convey any property rights in either real or personal property, or any exclusive privileges, nor does it authorize any injury to private property or any invasion of personal rights nor any infringement of federal, state or local laws or regulations.

11. Duty to Reapply

If the permittee wishes to continue an activity regulated by this permit after the expiration date of this permit, the permittee must apply for and obtain a new permit. The application should be submitted at least 180 days before the expiration date of this permit.

12. Duty to Provide Information

The permittee shall furnish to the administrator of the Water Quality Division, within a reasonable time, any information which the administrator may request to determine whether cause exists for modifying, revoking and reissuing or terminating this permit or to determine compliance with this permit. The permittee shall also furnish to the administrator, upon request, copies of records required by this permit to be kept.

13. Other Information

When the permittee becomes aware that it failed to submit any relevant facts in a permit application or submitted incorrect information in a permit application or any report to the administrator of the Water Quality Division, it shall promptly submit such facts or information.

14. Permit Action

This permit may be modified, revoked and reissued, or terminated for cause. The filing of a request by the permittee for a permit modification, revocation and reissuance, or termination, or a notification of planned changes or anticipated noncompliance does not stay any permit condition.

15. Permit Fees

Once this permit has been issued, the permittee will be assessed a \$100.00 per-year permit fee by the Water Quality Division. The fee year runs from January 1st through December 31st. This permit fee will continue to be assessed for as long as the permit is active, regardless of whether discharge actually occurs. This fee is not pro-rated. If the permit is active during any portion of the fee year, the full fee will be billed to the permittee for that fee year. In the event that this permit is transferred from one permittee to another, each party will be billed the full permit fee for the fee year in which the permit transfer was finalized.

PART III

A. OTHER REQUIREMENTS

1. Flow Measurement

At the request of the administrator of the Water Quality Division, the permittee must be able to show proof of the accuracy of any flow measuring device used in obtaining data submitted in the monitoring report. The flow measuring device must indicate values of within plus or minus ten (10) percent of the actual flow being measured.

2. 208(b) Plans

This permit may be modified, suspended or revoked to comply with the provisions of any 208(b) plan certified by the Governor of the State of Wyoming.

3. Reopener Provision

This permit may be reopened and modified (following proper administrative procedures) to include the appropriate effluent limitations (and compliance schedule, if necessary) or other appropriate requirements if one or more of the following events occurs:

- a. The state water quality standards of the receiving water(s) to which the permittee discharges are modified in such a manner as to require different effluent limits than contained in this permit;
- b. A total maximum daily load (TMDL) and/or watershed management plan is developed and approved by the state and/or the Environmental Protection Agency which specifies a wasteload allocation for incorporation in this permit;
- c. A revision to the current water quality management plan is approved and adopted which calls for different effluent limitations than contained in this permit;
- d. Downstream impairment is observed and the permitted facility is contributing to the impairment;
- e. The limits established by the permit no longer attain and/or maintain applicable water quality standards;
- f. The permit does not control or limit a pollutant that has the potential to cause or contribute to a violation of a state water quality standard.
- g. If new applicable effluent guidelines and/or standards have been promulgated and the standards are more stringent than the effluent limits established by the permit.
- h. In order to protect water quality standards in neighboring states, effluent limits may be incorporated into this permit or existing limits may be modified to ensure that the appropriate criteria, water quality standards and assimilative capacity are attained.

- i. If new, additional or more stringent permit conditions are necessary for control of erosion downstream of the discharges to ensure protection of water quality standards.

4. Permit Modification

After notice and opportunity for a hearing, this permit may be modified, suspended or revoked in whole or in part during its term for cause including, but not limited to, the following:

- a. Violation of any terms or conditions of this permit;
- b. Obtaining this permit by misrepresentation or failure to disclose fully all relevant facts;
- c. A change in any condition that requires either a temporary or permanent reduction or elimination of the authorized discharge; or
- d. If necessary to comply with any applicable effluent standard or limitation issued or approved under Sections 301(b) (2) (C) and (D), 304 (b) (2) and 307 (a) (2) of the federal act, if the effluent standard or limitation so issued or approved:
  - (1) Contains different conditions or is otherwise more stringent than any effluent limitation in the permit; or
  - (2) Controls any pollutant not limited in the permit.

5. Toxicity Limitation - Reopener Provision

This permit may be reopened and modified (following proper administrative procedures) to include a new compliance date, additional or modified numerical limitations, a new or different compliance schedule, a change in the whole effluent protocol or any other conditions related to the control of toxicants if one or more of the following events occur:

- a. Toxicity was detected late in the life of the permit near or past the deadline for compliance;
- b. The TRE results indicate that compliance with the toxic limits will require an implementation schedule past the date for compliance and the permit issuing authority agrees with the conclusion;
- c. The TRE results indicate that the toxicant(s) represent pollutant(s) that may be controlled with specific numerical limits and the permit issuing authority agrees that numerical controls are the most appropriate course of action;
- d. Following the implementation of numerical controls on toxicants, the permit issuing authority agrees that a modified whole effluent protocol is necessary to compensate for those toxicants that are controlled numerically;

- e. The TRE reveals other unique conditions or characteristics which, in the opinion of the permit issuing authority, justify the incorporation of unanticipated special conditions in the permit.

6. Severability

The provisions of this permit are severable and if any provision of this permit, or the application of any provision of this permit to any circumstance is held invalid, the application of such provision to other circumstances and the remainder of this permit, shall not be affected thereby.

7. Penalties for Falsification of Reports

The federal act provides that any person who knowingly makes any false statement, representation or certification in any record or other document submitted or required to be maintained under this permit, including monitoring reports or reports of compliance or noncompliance shall, upon conviction, be punished by a fine of not more than \$10,000 per violation or by imprisonment for not more than two years per violation or both.